THE LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL.

VOLUME XXVIII. LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY NOVEMBER 10 1858 NUMBER 298

State Library

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL,

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
PRENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE,
THIRD STREET, BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND GREEN.

SUBSCRIPTION TERMS—IN ADVANCE—Daily Journal $10 per annum, or $5 if not paid in advance before the expiration of three months; Tri-Weekly $6; Weekly $2 per annum. Subscriptions to be for a year or less, and to cease at the expiration of the time subscribed for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL AND LOUISVILLE ADVERTISER.

DAILY—One square, or less space, 1 time $1 00
" " " 2 times 1 50
" " " 3 times 2 00
" " " 1 week 3 00
" " " 2 weeks 5 00
" " " 3 weeks 7 00
" " " 1 month 10 00
" " " 2 months 15 00
" " " 3 months 20 00
" " " 6 months 30 00
" " " 12 months 50 00

TRI-WEEKLY—One square, or less space, 1 time $1 50
" " " 2 times 2 00
" " " 3 times 2 50
" " " 1 week 4 00
" " " 2 weeks 6 00
" " " 3 weeks 8 00
" " " 1 month 12 00
" " " 2 months 18 00
" " " 3 months 24 00
" " " 6 months 36 00
" " " 12 months 60 00

WEEKLY—One square, or less space, 1 time $2 00
" " " 2 times 3 00
" " " 3 times 4 00
" " " 1 week 5 00
" " " 2 weeks 8 00
" " " 3 weeks 10 00
" " " 1 month 15 00
" " " 2 months 20 00
" " " 3 months 25 00
" " " 6 months 40 00
" " " 12 months 70 00

Additional insertions, each time, one-half the first price.

Marriages, deaths, meetings, and other notices, half price.

Obituaries and tributes of respect, as news, charged as advertisements.

Yearly advertisers entitled to change monthly.

Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

Yearly advertisements will be discontinued, unless by special agreement, at the end of the year.

Communications, not relating to business of the office, must be post paid.

Remittances may be made at our risk in current bank notes.

EDUCATIONAL.

POLYTECHNIC SCHOOL,
FRANKFORT, KY.

THE Winter Session of this School will commence on Monday, the 1st of November next.

E. A. GRANT, Principal.

THE Winter Session of this Institution will commence on the 1st Monday in November next, and continue five months.

The Faculty consists of the following gentlemen:

[illegible]

For Catalogues containing full particulars, address the President, or any member of the Faculty.

THE MARKETS — Sailed Ind. Rock, ... for Louisville.

WILLIAMS, ... & Co., 49 Main st.

GINGHAMS — ... & Co., 49 Main st.

MUSLINS — ... & Co., 49 Main st.

FANCY PRINTS — ... & Co., 49 Main st.

SUNDRIES — ... & Co., 49 Main st.

SATINETS — 25 cases assorted Satinets; ... for sale by

JAMES LOW & CO., 49 Main st.

BUTTER AND CHEESE — ... Reserve Cheese; ... Roquefort Cheese; ... Pine-apple Cheese; ... Goshen Butter

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL,

THIRD STREET, BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND GREEN.

PRENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE, PROPRIETORS.

TERMS—IN ADVANCE.

Daily Journal, mailed or delivered in the city, $10 a year; $5 for six months; $2.50 for three months; $1 for one month. Twenty Dollars for 2 copies, if mailed, $16.

CLUB PRICES—IN ADVANCE.

Weekly—one copy $2; 5 copies or more $1 50 each.

ADVERTISING—IN DAILY JOURNAL:

Square (10 lines or less) first insertion..... $1 00
Each additional insertion..... 25

IN WEEKLY JOURNAL.

Each square, first insertion..... $1 00
Each additional insertion..... 50

☞ For full particulars as to terms of yearly advertising, see first column on first page.

Orders for Job Work received at this office.

LOUISVILLE.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 10, 1858.

The editor of the Journal on a great deal exercised about the Tweed-Fitch presidential candidate embroglio. He is too excited. Democrat says nothing about it. The late election is a fizzle—all and above over. Affairs down subject to present rule—all and above chronic, and government has as the past have become chronic, and government has done nothing itself after a fair opportunity. It has settled—demonstrated that they are incompetent. They don't ten times over fine sentiments, but Central America is in the same condition. Besides, these filibusters have pretty well demonstrated that they are incompetent. They don't succeed in accomplishing the things they promise. On the other hand, the evil they do is manifest, and they have invitation offered no compensation for the mischief.

We are amazed these letters. The man who takes the responsibility of so experiment in filibustering and accomplishing nothing but evil, must pay the penalty; and an effort to put down promises nothing but trouble and disaster he should be stopped.

At present, responsible governments have the affairs of Central America in hand and they cannot brook an interference. The measures of our government manifest by Shaw's letter to citizens, are unexceptionable in the country. Besides, these proclamations are all right. We never considered a President for retaining the law, but for getting he and it, and allowing others to perpetrate bar lawlessness, when he did not have their hands.

Fillmore went beyond the law in his action, and Mr Buchanan did still worse in suggesting over the act of Stahl Buchanan did still worse in suggesting over the act of Stahl the in his invasion of the soil of Nicaragua to apprehend Walker. We don't hold these irresponsible governments entitled to any respect. The Buchanan has a right to—attempt to negotiate better.

The subject, however, is not in the hands of our government and it would be improper to allow the interference of irresponsible parties.—*Democrat*

The editor of the Democrat is mistaken in supposing that we are "greatly exercised about the President's proclamation against filibusters." We consider it the duty of the Government to put a stop to filibustering, and our complaint is that they don't do it. The proclaims that filibustering expeditions shall not leave our shores. But filibustering expeditions do leave our shores. Buchanan proclamations and Pierce proclamations amount to just about as much as the whistlings of the wind through a hollow tree.

The editor of the Democrat says of the proclamations against filibustering, that they are "all right," and that he never condemned a President for sustaining the law. He did condemn President Fillmore for issuing a proclamation against the Cuban expedition, and for citing therein the neutrality law of 1818. He carried that Mr. Fillmore was guilty of previous for the benefit of the Spanish despotism, an old and obsolete law, and that he was disposed with an attempt at the exercise of arbitrary tyranny. His protested that the government had no right to attempt to restrain the American people in their undoubted privilege of "going where they pleased and as they pleased." He knows that he denounced, and that all the rest of the Democratic press denounced, the proclamations of both Fillmore and Taylor as outrageous invasions of the rights of American citizens. He knows all this now just as well as he will if we shall take the trouble to quote some of the many hose old articles of himself and his Democratic brethren upon the subject. His abuse of the Fillmore and Taylor Administrations was as profuse and as severe then as his denunciation of Locomotion has been recently been; and yet now he assumes as that these proclamations were and are "*all right.*"

The editor of the Democrat says that the filibusters have pretty well demonstrated themselves humbugs that they fail to accomplishing what they promise, and that he is against these failures. He tells us that the man who takes the responsibility of a filibustering experiment and accomplishes only evil must pay the penalty, and that an expedition which promises only trouble and disaster should be stopped. But we don't see what becomes then of the right which he formerly contended for so violently as one of the inalienable rights of American citizens—"the right to go where they please and as they please." If they have this right, they have also the right of going anywhere they please out of the United States, either to succeed or to fail; and, if they fail, it is none of the Government's business. To be sure they "must pay the penalty," but, according to the old doctrine of the Democrat, the Government can have no right to inflict any penalty upon them; the failure itself may be regarded as one penalty and the contingency of the garote or the gallows another. If American citizens have "a right to go where they please and as they please," the Government have no right to require whether their success or their failure is most probable and to stop them in case they are supposed likely to fail. If Americans citizens have inalienable rights, they should be left to exercise them. If the Americans Government have the right to stop every expedition that is likely to fail or that can do no good, why don't it turn their attention to stopping the gold-hunting expeditions to Pike's Peak and a good many other expeditions?

The editor of the Democrat says that responsible Government have the affairs of Central America in hand, and that they cannot brook an interruption. We suppose he means European Governments and the U. S. Government, but we don't understand what authority any or all of these Governments have or can have to stop expeditions from our shores, if, as he so vociferously contended in Fillmore times the citizens of this country have a right to "go where they please and as they please." If that right exists, it cannot be destroyed by any pending negotiations of foreign Governments and our own must passage across the Isthmus. Our neighbor says that: "the measures of our Government could not be thwarted by irresponsible parties from this country," but he had better say that the Government has no business to undertake measures inconsistent with the rights of citizens and parties from this country to go where they please and do they please if any such right exists. He says he doesn't hold that filibustering expeditions ought to be kept back out of any regard for the Government of Nicaragua; he tells us that such irresponsible Governments are entitled to no respect, and that "the first comer has a right to substitute something better." Well, in the case of Nicaragua, our Government wasn't the first comer. General Walker was the first comer and the second comer, he undertook to substitute something better and permit, would have succeeded if the U. S. Government, which didn't aim to "substitute something better," hadn't interfered and dragged him back to this country. Then if the first comer or the second comer has any rights in Nicaragua, what business has our Government to come to have been no "comer" at all is the affair except as a violator of men's rights, to chain Walker and his men to our shores after having wrongfully and outrageously dragged them here—wrongfully and outrageously even according to the declarations of the Democrat?

A CENTENNIAL ANNIVERSARY.—The citizens of Western Pennsylvania are making arrangements to appropriately celebrate the 25th instant—the centennial anniversary of the capture of Fort Du Quesne, or in other words the overthrow of the French and the establishment of Anglo-Saxon dominion in the valley of the Ohio. This event is of peculiar local interest, but in many respects of the highest importance to the whole American people. The grandest project ever matured in the French Cabinet was the line of military fortifications, as a basis of colonial settlement, designed to connect Louisiana and Canada, and permanently establish French ascendency in the valleys of the Mississippi, Ohio, and St. Lawrence, and consequently to confine the Anglo-Saxon dominion to the Eastern slopes of the Alleghany Mountains. The great Napoleon's dream of Russian and Asiatic conquest did not equal this. The war with the French and Indians, to counteract this ambitious design, culminated, as far as Pennsylvania is concerned, in the capture of Fort Du Quesne on the 25th November, 1758. In the five years of active field service of these campaigns, Col. Washington acquired that confidence in himself, that enlarged military experience, and that recognition of his eminent merits by the then Colonies, which led the continental Congress to vest in him the higher responsibilities of Commander-in-Chief of the Revolutionary army. It is therefore eminently proper that the centennial anniversary should be commemorated on the scene of former action, which is now the city of Pittsburg.

The celebration will consist of a grand procession of the citizens of Western Pennsylvania, in which prominence will be given to the municipal, county, State, and national officers who may honor the event by their presence; the military and naval forces, the civic societies, literary and benevolent associations, the veteran trades and departments of industry, at home and abroad, which may desire to be represented, and the whole to terminate in the "Du Quesne Depot" of the Pennsylvania railroad, erected on the site of the old fort, where appropriate addresses will be delivered in the afternoon, and Edward Everett has been invited to deliver his address on "Washington" in the evening. The occasion cannot fail to be one of peculiar interest, and it will inspire the orators of the day to contemplate the many changes which have occurred since the stripling Washington was on that spot, and the time when it is covered by a large city teeming with every development of industry and civilization. The committee of invitation, consisting of T. J. Bigham, Russell Everett, J. Heron Foster, James P. Barr, Charles McKnight, J. G. Backofen, and William M. Darlington, pledge themselves that nothing shall be wanting on their part to make all their arrangements worthy of the memorable occasion, and all the railroad companies, whose roads center in Pittsburg will issue excursion tickets.

☞ The editor of the Washington States insisted during the last Presidential canvass that Mr. Buchanan, in a certain letter, clearly didn't mean that the people of a Territory have the right to exclude slavery from it. The same editor now insists that Mr. Buchanan, in that letter, clearly *did* mean that the people of a Territory have the right to exclude slavery from it. How amazingly easy it is for Democratic editors to see clearly that language means exactly what they want it to mean.

☞ Douglas's Chicago organ says that the Little Giant "has the germ of great events in his soul." He has, however, been so constantly in the hottest kind of water that the germ in him can no more hatch than if it were an egg in the belly of a wild pullet.

JUNIOR SONS OF AMERICA.—The Maysville Eagle says the young gentlemen of that city and vicinity, between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one years, have recently started a branch of the order of "Junior Sons of America," under the title of "Washington Camp No. 2, of the State of Kentucky." The object of the Association, as we learn from the preamble accompanying the constitution of the order, is "for the purpose of maturing themselves in the knowledge and encouraging each other in the practices of their rights and duties as citizens of the country in which they will be shortly called to exercise, among their fellowmen, the common rights of sovereignty," and, in their act of association, they pledge themselves to the "observance and support of the laws of the land, and the regulations of their association, as becomes the sons of freemen who are willing to submit to the restraints of social order, and acknowledge no other bonds but those of duty to their God, their country, and themselves."

The object of the order is no doubt a good one, and as the end and aim of the organization is to aid in the propagation of American principles and the preparation of its members to enter upon the broad field of politics (as they arrive at legal age) as true and faithful friends of the American cause, we most heartily wish to see the order flourish and grow, and go on increasing until every youth in the land has been brought within its excellent influences. There is nothing like training the young mind in the way it should go—and in politics, as in everything else, it should go—and in politics, as in everything else, it should be early. The man who takes the first lessons of it is more likely to follow the bent of inclination that is given it at an early age. We congratulate our young American friends on their movement in behalf of the good cause.

☞ The Memphis Avalanche regards it as a very doubtful compliment to Stephen A. Douglas, "as a *Democrat*, to be classed by the opposition with Messrs. Bell and Crittenden, and lauded to the skies as the conquering leader of the enemies of the Democratic party." It begins to look as if Douglas won't be thanked by the South for preserving the Democratic party. When he goes to Charleston and asks his reward, he will be in the same fix as the countryman in France who, armed with a gigantic club, presented himself before the president of the society for protecting animals, and claimed the first prize. He was asked to describe the act on which he founded his claims. "I saved the life of a wolf," replied the countryman: "I might easily have killed him with this bludgeon, and he swung his weapon in the air to the intense discomfort of the president. 'But where was the wolf?' inquired the president. 'what had he done to you?' 'He had just devoured my wife,' was the reply. The president reflected an instant, and then said, 'My friend, I am of opinion that you have been sufficiently rewarded.' Thus the wolf Democracy played great havoc in the Douglas fold of postmasters, and Douglas spared it so he must take his reward in the consciousness of having protected his Ingine foe when he might have extracted its fangs.'

TYPOGRAPHICAL ERROR.—One of our exchanges says "the *wife* crop of tobacco crop, Mo., this year is estimated at 25,000 galls." The wine crop was referred to, but 25,000 galls will make a good crop of wines notwithstanding. The Hartford Times, noticing the death of an editor, says "he was a high *minded* gentleman, and a pungent writer." Perhaps he was a stump speaker of the high-winded school of oratory. A Lexington editor says "the Democracy are *lashed* like a band of brothers" instead of linked, and another says, "we have see the enemy and we are theirs!" Types play sad pranks.

☞ The Washington (Pa.) Examiner glorifies over the vote in Cedarwood Manheim township in York county, the former of which gave the Democrats 270 and the Opposition 2; and the latter 111 for the Democracy and *none* for the Opposition. This is nothing new. Twenty years ago Gov. Porter received the entire vote of both townships, and as Gen. Cass polled 275 and 228 in them respectively, ten years since, it is evident that the Locofoco strength is dying out there.

☞ The editor of the New Albany Ledger thinks that the fate of Thompson, who was convicted of striking a rash blow in a fit of passion, and who in his speech before his sentence drew a full-tone from a jury used to the republicans. Of course, not only the Northern but the southern Democracy also at least that very large proportion of it, which is Unionist and "held together by the cohesive power of public plunder"—and those with the Democracy of Kentucky, and even those who still affect to oppose it will anticipate and accept the inevitable. Submission, forbearance, silence and success—all have an eye to Enclosure and let complaints and calls—all pale to the future—which will reimburse their losses and put forth their best efforts to secure Mr. D. the popular stepping stone to the Presidency. It was an irresistible bait that he bit to pay.

☞ The Lafayette Journal copies our remark of the recent marriage at Hartford, Conn., of J. Warren Newcomb, jr., great grandson of Gen. Joseph Warren, to Mary S., youngest daughter of the late Dr. George Sumner, and great grand daughter of Gen. Israel Putnam, as presenting a most interesting union of revolutionary names and memories, and adds:

> We were present at a similar "interesting union" of a great-grand daughter of "old Put" with a great grandson of a great-grandfather some years ago. We see the record of it through the columns of a weekly, a connection of a subscription book preceding unwillingly to school," and a mass of love, affection, with a masculine snubbing, mounted upon a pair of stilts, and fearlessly perambulating the sidewalk. It makes our flesh creep to look at her, [why? Is the "boards of the land" for a wolf was nothing to such a performance.

RAISING OF THE SUNKEN SHIPS AT SEBASTOPOL.—*Progress of the Work.*—A correspondent of the New York Tribune, writing from Sebastopol on the 1st of September, gives the following statement respecting the progress of the American Company in raising the Russian war vessels:

In my last I stated that we had raised the following vessels—sunk at the head of South Bay, viz: Empress Catharine, 120 guns; Chesma, 84 guns; frigate ——, 60 guns; a small vessel, name not known. These were blown to pieces, and of course raised in fragments. The company's share of the contract was probably 100,000 rubles; expenses, however, to be deducted.

We have now lying at our wharf the gun brig Seasick, or Bold, which we raised entire. Next was the beautiful steamer Turk, captured from the Turks during the commencement of the war. She was built expressly for the sultan, and used as a yacht. Her engines were pronounced by the engineer, her hull but little injured, and not at all worm eaten. The Russian government appraised her at 40,000 roubles, $45,000, and accepted her a trifle under the valuation. The next was the Gefiand, a war steamer, which was built in 1838, and is of course quite old, but nevertheless perfectly sound, uninjured by worms, her engines in good condition, with massive copper boilers, and cost in England when new, £15,000. The government has not decided to accept her; if broken, the material will be worth probably $40,000.

We have four steamers slung and ready to raise, and we have had some difficulty with the war steamer Danube, to which our caissons are now fastened. She is of iron and so heavy that the forward chain sunk her completely in two, which is a very serious matter, as she cannot be pumped dry when raised to the surface; but in my next, I hope to give you a detailed account of her, with all other. Our caissons work admirably, but, had they been of double their capacity, the power derived from them would be insufficient. We shall immediately construct two others of large dimensions, and, although we have been here fifteen months, all our preparations are not completed.

Millions of dollars' worth of property lies buried here which can never be recovered, unless some Yankee will invent a wind mill pump of sufficient power to empty the Black Sea. Everything goes on harmoniously, and I am happy to state that Mr. Gowen has succeeded in obtaining an amendment to his contract, whereby he is entitled to all that is raised, instead of the moiety, as heretofore. I think that the Boston Submarine Company's new vessels, Gen Knox and Silver Key, rather missed it in leaving Sebastopol pending the negotiation, which resulted in the advantageous terms on which they might have worked subsequently, and by which, by this time, they might have re-fired $100,000 easily. But this is a matter that does not concern me.

I think that, in a former letter, I alluded to the great mistake that has game the results of all newspaper, that the ships sunken in Sebastopol harbor had been proved to be entirely worthless on account of worms; and I have it from good authority that a prominent stockholder of this company, who was some four or five months at Sebastopol, and who afterward was in London, had established his claim to a office a piece of the Twelve Apostles' steering wheel, which indeed was much eaten. He also represented that the entire ship was in the same condition, and that it had been proved to the satisfaction of Government engineers that the whole hull could be raised for the price of $100,000 sterling. Now, this is a most likely to follow the bent of inclination that is given it at an early age. We congratulate our young American friends on their movement in behalf of the good cause.

☞ Lincoln, having lost Illinois, has of course his drop of consolation. "Well, I have lost my law suit" exclaimed a lady, with a sigh. "Oh, mamma! how glad I am," said her child, "that you have lost it; for it tormented you awfully."

☞ Punch allows Lord Derby no rest since the late sale of his racing stud; its last hit is that he is laboring under an organic disease and has been so long in the stable that his heart has become "ossified."

☞ Eighty of the Morrissey men, on their return from the big fight, gobbled an enormous dinner at Bagge's Hotel in Utica and settled the bill by knocking down old Bagge.

☞ We see that almost every editor makes a ring in his paper, setting the stakes and fixing the ropes for a re-production of the Morrissey and Benicia Boy fight.

☞ Political texts have been favorite subjects with the Washington Union lately. How does it like the text as applied to Buchanan and Douglas in their respective States?

☞ It is a fact of real significance, that, for several months past, we have heard and read many appeals to preserve the unity of party, while hardly a voice has been raised for the unity of the Republic!

☞ Gerrit Smith has polled more votes in the State of New York than the Buchanan party did in Illinois.

☞ The Des Moines (Iowa) News hoists an enormous Shanghai, because the Democracy has carried its township. A great crow for a very trifle.

☞ Somebody says that "the Administration has been wiped out in Illinois." *Wiped up* would be a more fitting expression.

☞ The editor of the New York Tribune agrees with us in the opinion that Mr. Douglas will be the next Democratic candidate for the Presidency. We copy the following from his paper:

> Senator Doug as has achieved signal triumph. While every other free State has California has gone against his policy, Mr. Douglas has defeated the Republican Administration we had nearly said combined, but, since he has defeated, we will say in the Democratic ranks.
>
> That this result has been achieved at an immense cost of effort and money, we need not observe. Mr. Douglas has worked himself almost to the bone and spent his whole patronage, but he has been aided to the utmost by the troops of friends. The whole Democratic party is organized that his triumph would render inevitable his nomination for the Presidency at the next election in 1860. Illinois now presents the same attitude toward the North and the South that previously had Pennsylvania did in 1856, and Mr. Douglas holds the position then held by Mr. Buchanan. He must either be nominated, or the Democratic party practically retires from the field, and the Republicans will succeed to the Republicans. Of course, not only the North-

☞ Punch allows Lord Derby no rest since the late sale of his racing stud; its last hit is that he is laboring under an organic disease and has been so long in the stable that his heart has become "ossified."

☞ Eighty of the Morrissey men, on their return from the big fight, gobbled an enormous dinner at Bagge's Hotel in Utica and settled the bill by knocking down old Bagge.

☞ We see that almost every editor makes a ring in his paper, setting the stakes and fixing the ropes for a re-production of the Morrissey and Benicia Boy fight.

☞ Political texts have been favorite subjects with the Washington Union lately. How does it like the text as applied to Buchanan and Douglas in their respective States?

☞ It is a fact of real significance, that, for several months past, we have heard and read many appeals to preserve the unity of party, while hardly a voice has been raised for the unity of the Republic!

☞ Gerrit Smith has polled more votes in the State of New York than the Buchanan party did in Illinois.

☞ The Des Moines (Iowa) News hoists an enormous Shanghai, because the Democracy has carried its township. A great crow for a very trifle.

☞ Somebody says that "the Administration has been wiped out in Illinois." *Wiped up* would be a more fitting expression.

☞ The editor of the New York Tribune agrees with us in the opinion that Mr. Douglas will be the next Democratic candidate for the Presidency. We copy the following from his paper:

> Senator Doug as has achieved signal triumph. While every other free State has California has gone against his policy, Mr. Douglas has defeated the Republican Administration we had nearly said combined, but, since he has defeated, we will say in the Democratic ranks.
>
> That this result has been achieved at an immense cost of effort and money, we need not observe. Mr. Douglas has worked himself almost to the bone and spent his whole patronage, but he has been aided to the utmost by the troops of friends. The whole Democratic party is organized that his triumph would render inevitable his nomination for the Presidency at the next election in 1860. Illinois now presents the same attitude toward the North and the South that previously had Pennsylvania did in 1856, and Mr. Douglas holds the position then held by Mr. Buchanan. He must either be nominated, or the Democratic party practically retires from the field, and the Republicans will succeed to the Republicans. Of course, not only the North-

☞ Lincoln, having lost Illinois, has of course his drop of consolation. "Well, I have lost my law suit" exclaimed a lady, with a sigh. "Oh, mamma! how glad I am," said her child, "that you have lost it; for it tormented you awfully."

☞ Punch allows Lord Derby no rest since the late sale of his racing stud; its last hit is that he is laboring under an organic disease and has been so long in the stable that his heart has become "ossified."

☞ Eighty of the Morrissey men, on their return from the big fight, gobbled an enormous dinner at Bagge's Hotel in Utica and settled the bill by knocking down old Bagge.

☞ We see that almost every editor makes a ring in his paper, setting the stakes and fixing the ropes for a re-production of the Morrissey and Benicia Boy fight.

☞ Political texts have been favorite subjects with the Washington Union lately. How does it like the text as applied to Buchanan and Douglas in their respective States?

☞ It is a fact of real significance, that, for several months past, we have heard and read many appeals to preserve the unity of party, while hardly a voice has been raised for the unity of the Republic!

☞ Gerrit Smith has polled more votes in the State of New York than the Buchanan party did in Illinois.

☞ The Des Moines (Iowa) News hoists an enormous Shanghai, because the Democracy has carried its township. A great crow for a very trifle.

☞ Somebody says that "the Administration has been wiped out in Illinois." *Wiped up* would be a more fitting expression.

☞ The editor of the New York Tribune agrees with us in the opinion that Mr. Douglas will be the next Democratic candidate for the Presidency. We copy the following from his paper:

> Senator Doug as has achieved signal triumph. While every other free State has California has gone against his policy, Mr. Douglas has defeated the Republican Administration we had nearly said combined, but, since he has defeated, we will say in the Democratic ranks.
>
> That this result has been achieved at an immense cost of effort and money, we need not observe. Mr. Douglas has worked himself almost to the bone and spent his whole patronage, but he has been aided to the utmost by the troops of friends. The whole Democratic party is organized that his triumph would render inevitable his nomination for the Presidency at the next election in 1860. Illinois now presents the same attitude toward the North and the South that previously had Pennsylvania did in 1856, and Mr. Douglas holds the position then held by Mr. Buchanan. He must either be nominated, or the Democratic party practically retires from the field, and the Republicans will succeed to the Republicans. Of course, not only the North-

NEW BOOKS.—We are indebted to Mr. F. A. Brunap for copies of several books from the press of Rudd & Carleton, N. Y. "Isabella Orsini," a historical novel by F. D. Guerrazzi, author of "Beatrice Cenci," translated from the original Italian, and illustrated from the original Italian, and illustrated from the original Italian, by Luigi Monti, of Harvard University, with a superb steel portrait, from the celebrated drawing by Frascheri, is a work of great power and continued interest. "Vernon Grove or Hearts as They Are," has appeared serially in the Southern Literary Messenger, and is worthy of all the admiration it has elicited. "The K. N. Pepper Papers," is well known for their quaint humor, and destined to have a wide circulation.

ANOTHER SUBMARINE CABLE FAILED.—The submarine cable, from Dover to Calais, has ceased to do telegraphic duty. It had been in successful operation for years, and its failure now is proof positive that the modes of insulation as yet discovered are inadequate for permanent communication under salt water, even for a short distance. This renders the case of the great "Atlantic Cable," in its present predicament, utterly hopeless. At the best it could not have been relied on for a great length of time. New inventions and substantial improvements, however, making electric communication across the Atlantic a fixed success, are not to be despaired of.

☞ Harper's Weekly, a *Journal of Civilization*, as it is named, has among the illustrations of its last number several views of the late revolting attempt at murder and successful suicide in New York. We of the West do not regard such events as illustrative of any advance in civilization.

☞ Lincoln, having lost Illinois, has of course his drop of consolation. "Well, I have lost my law suit" exclaimed a lady, with a sigh. "Oh, mamma! how glad I am," said her child, "that you have lost it; for it tormented you awfully."

☞ Punch allows Lord Derby no rest since the late sale of his racing stud; its last hit is that he is laboring under an organic disease and has been so long in the stable that his heart has become "ossified."

☞ Eighty of the Morrissey men, on their return from the big fight, gobbled an enormous dinner at Bagge's Hotel in Utica and settled the bill by knocking down old Bagge.

☞ We see that almost every editor makes a ring in his paper, setting the stakes and fixing the ropes for a re-production of the Morrissey and Benicia Boy fight.

☞ Political texts have been favorite subjects with the Washington Union lately. How does it like the text as applied to Buchanan and Douglas in their respective States?

☞ It is a fact of real significance, that, for several months past, we have heard and read many appeals to preserve the unity of party, while hardly a voice has been raised for the unity of the Republic!

☞ Gerrit Smith has polled more votes in the State of New York than the Buchanan party did in Illinois.

☞ The Des Moines (Iowa) News hoists an enormous Shanghai, because the Democracy has carried its township. A great crow for a very trifle.

☞ Somebody says that "the Administration has been wiped out in Illinois." *Wiped up* would be a more fitting expression.

☞ The editor of the New York Tribune agrees with us in the opinion that Mr. Douglas will be the next Democratic candidate for the Presidency. We copy the following from his paper:

> Senator Doug as has achieved signal triumph. While every other free State has California has gone against his policy, Mr. Douglas has defeated the Republican Administration we had nearly said combined, but, since he has defeated, we will say in the Democratic ranks.
>
> That this result has been achieved at an immense cost of effort and money, we need not observe. Mr. Douglas has worked himself almost to the bone and spent his whole patronage, but he has been aided to the utmost by the troops of friends. The whole Democratic party is organized that his triumph would render inevitable his nomination for the Presidency at the next election in 1860. Illinois now presents the same attitude toward the North and the South that previously had Pennsylvania did in 1856, and Mr. Douglas holds the position then held by Mr. Buchanan. He must either be nominated, or the Democratic party practically retires from the field, and the Republicans will succeed to the Republicans. Of course, not only the North-

COST OF A WOMAN'S CURIOSITY.—At the Essex Market Police Court a stout, coarse, good-looking, well-dressed woman, holding a young infant in her arms, followed her way up to the Magistrate's desk and whispered: "What's wanted?" unsurely inquired Justice Brennan.

"Here's a child that don't belong to me," responded the woman, holding out the child at arm's length.

"Well, what's wanted?" reiterated the Justice, not so politely as before. "Make the story short."

The woman told her story. Her name was Ann Williams. She lived in Thompson street, and in No. 31 in the same street lived, or rather had lived, a Mrs. Cheron. The husband of Mrs. Cheron was absent in California, where he had been for over two years. Mrs Cheron, it was believed, had not acted altogether as a faithful wife should. It was rumored among the neighborhood that she had given birth to a baby. On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Williams called on Mrs. Cheron to find out whether this rumor was well founded or not. Mrs. Cheron was in bed, and, being spoken to with regard to the report, indignantly pronounced the story false.

Mrs. W. was curious, however. She pulled down the bed-clothes, and sure enough there was a baby. Determined to let the neighbors know that the report was a correct one, she snatched a faint and run out of house with it in her arms. She exhibited the child to the neighbors, was absent nearly an hour, and then returned to deliver it over to the charge of its mother, but Mrs. Cheron had fled. She (Mrs. Williams) said she had waited twenty-four hours, and Mrs. Cheron had not returned, and, as it was her belief she would not come back again.

A lack of triumph was in Mrs Williams face as she concluded the story. Justice Brennan—looking very grave—told her that she had been guilty of child-stealing—an exceedingly atrocious crime; he should have to commit her to prison upon her own confession. There was a remedy, however. She could take the child home and take care of it. Mrs. Williams expressed her marked displeasure at the result, but, firmly convinced that there was no other way to save herself from prison, she gave the unexpected promise, and left, taking the child with her.

NIAGARA FALLS.—*The Path under the Cataract Falling Away.*—We learn from the Hamilton Spectator that constant change, the law of nature, reigns too at Niagara. Every year the outline of the wonderful cataract changes, as the mighty waters slowly but surely wear away their channel, carrying in their embrace now a small fragment, then a huge mass of rock. The Table Rock, which was the pride of our readers well remember, fable Rock yielded to Time, and at successive periods pieces of it have fallen in a visit to the falls, a day or two since, we observed another change has occurred, which for at least a passing notice. Every sight-ser must recollect the path which, commencing below the brink of the ravine on the Canada side, almost opposite Prospect House, leads beneath Table Rock, and which those who desired to go "under the sheet of falling water" used to traverse at their waterproof habiliments.

Filled to Termination Point, as a spot a long distance under the cataract was called, and the adventurer who dared air and flood to reach it, blinded by spray, deafened by the terrible roar which the falling of millions of tons of water on the rocks below produces, used to receive a certificate of his having accomplished the feat. The sublime are yet in reserve for the guides yet remain and receive their dues, and the certificates are yet given. Termination Point, too, may yet exist. But commercial being can visit it. It never could be seen from the shore end of the cavernous tunnel—one side of it, on the other wall, and the floor a composition of both—which led thither. And the path to it is now cut off. The road along which one used to grope his fearful way. One can still walk about a yard under the cataract, but they the hardiest and most courageous must pause, no further foot-hold is afforded, and nature has wrought her work in so infinitely disappointing with all the mysteries which it is herforbidden us to know. Ere long, doubtless, now that stratum of soft rock below has fallen, and been pounded into clay, the upper one will fall, and then another step will have been taken in the slow and tedi ous course in which Niagara has eaten its own way back from Queenstown, and be Lewiston and Youngstown, and will have somewhere above Chippewa.

LOUISVILLE DENTAL DEPOT

Family Drug and Prescription Store,

Mozart Hall, corner Fourth and Jefferson

S. F. DAWES, Proprietor.

jan 4 lsdwtanuf

FOR SALE,

BEST QUALITY OF PITTSBURGH COAL at the lowest Market price, also BLACKSMITH COAL at much lower rates by

J. N. KELLOGG, Agent,
Near corner Third and Main.

b24 dtaly

Physicians' Testimony

THAT HUGHES' TONIC will cure Chills and Fever, Periodical Headache, Intermittent Fever, Debility, Malaria, and Liver Complaint, and is certain in relieving consultations of Physicians and Druggists attached to it, and which diseases has caused a number of physicians to prescribe and use it in their practice. Read the following letter from one of the most prominent druggists in Louisville:

LOUISVILLE, KY., November 20, 1856.

Messrs. Satchell & Hughes:

SIR—Your note of inquiry reached me a few days since. In reply, I state that your Hughes' Tonic has proved itself worthy of patronage, fully equal to its reputation. Numbers around me much prefer it to quinine, and I believe both are equally efficacious. I write not to puff, but to answer the receipt.

Yours, truly,

T. LONG, M. D.

Dr. W. W. Johnston requests me to say that he heartily corroborates the above.

Prepared by Satchell and Hughes, Louisville, Ky., and for sale by all druggists and country merchants.

aug8 dtawly

CAUTION!

Read Carefully.

THE GENUINE HIGHLY CONCENTRATED BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS IS PUT UP IN HALF PINT BOTTLES ONLY AND RETAILED AT ONE DOLLAR FOR SINGLE BOTTLES. THE GREAT DEMAND FOR THIS TRULY CELEBRATED MEDICINE HAS INDUCED MANY IMITATIONS WHICH THE PUBLIC SHOULD GUARD AGAINST PURCHASING.

SEE THE
BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS,
MANUFACTURED BY
BENJAMIN PAGE, JR., & CO.,
Of Pittsburg, Pa.,

And see that their name is on the label of every bottle.

BENJAMIN PAGE, JR., & CO.,
Manufacturing Pharmaceutists and Chemists,
WILSON & STARBIRD,
Wholesale Agents, Louisville.

apr2 3m03&weowly

HEMP WANTED.

I WISH to purchase ONE HUNDRED TONS OF GOOD KENTUCKY HEMP, delivered in my city Seventh-st. Wharf, immediately. W. A. RICHARDSON,
o10 d3&w3 Bullitt-st.

BAILEY & CO.,
(Formerly Bailey & Kitchen),
JEWELERS,
OF PHILADELPHIA,

Having changed their place of business from No. 136 to

818 CHESTNUT STREET,

Desire to inform the citizens of LOUISVILLE and the public that they are now located three doors below the GIRARD HOUSE, on the south side of Chestnut street, having erected a fire-proof store, to which is annexed their manufactory of Sterling Silver-ware by STEAM POWER.

BAILEY & Co. are now prepared to receive orders for the manufacture of TABLE-ware, and will keep on hand all the best makes, DIAMOND JEWELLERY, Fine Gold, BRONZES, and NEW STYLES of Clocks, Bagley, Berdan and Hardman's ENGRAVED FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, Fine Gold Pencils, Imported TABLE and POCKET CUTLERY, Gold Chains, Gold Keys, and a general assortment of FANCY GOODS.

Their Silver-ware will receive prompt attention and a prompt reply. Goods forwarded to any part of the Union.

BAILEY & CO.,
JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS,
818 Chestnut-st., Girard House, Philadelphia.

☞ Agricultural Societies supplied with Silver Cups and Medals to any extent.

n19 d1w&dtm

GET THE BEST.

A NATIONAL STANDARD.

WEBSTER'S QUARTO DICTIONARY.

THE ENTIRE WORK UNABRIDGED.

"OUR REPUBLIC—Its compactness demands not so much upon the Fourth of July, as it does upon the Dictionary. Of all there is a unity of spirit in our whole world; a common language is a far deposited as a common past, and those who have the same literature, the same Bible and the same Webster, can never be less than kindred."—*Chicago Journal.*

WEBSTER'S DICTIONARY is acknowledged to be the world of Mind what the magnet of the Compass is to the sailor—the lode-star of the world. Webster is safe, and we shall never be done wondering how one mind could be of strength and beauty so forever received to one work.—*Chicago Journal.*

"Save the Bible, Webster's Dictionary has received more general commendation and study, and exerted more influence than any other book in the world. The author is acknowledged to be the greatest benefactor of the English race since the days of King Alfred."—*Richmond Examiner.*

"Nine tenths of the current English literature of the day could be better stated than Webster's orthography."—*Chicago Record, Aug., 1858.*

"It is the only correct Dictionary in our language, and every man who speaks or writes the English language should have learned from it to spell better without them, and publish to the world that he has also learned to read and write the English language should have access to this work."—*Hightstown Examiner.*

"Any one that will without Webster may well be destitute of wisdom, wit, and words."—*Richmond Times, Aug., 1858.*

"The fact is, as appears from the statements of seventy-four leading booksellers in the United States, that they sell more of Webster's Dictionary than of all others put together. If you want a Dictionary, be sure to buy Webster's."—*Boston Family Magazine.*

Published by

G. & C. MERRIAM,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

☞ SOLD BY ALL BOOKSELLERS.

ALSO,

WEBSTER'S SCHOOL DICTIONARIES.

nov 10 dtawly

HENRY J. MEAD. THEODORE W. MEAD

Copartnership Notice.

I HAVE this day associated with me in the Iron Railing and House Smithing business my son, Theodore W. Mead. The business will hereafter be continued under the firm name and style of H. J. MEAD & SON at the old stand, No. 356 Main street, immediately opposite the Louisville Hotel.

H. J. MEAD.

nov 10, 1858.

IRON RAILING AND HORSE SMITHING

WORKS.

H. J. MEAD & SON,

GREEN STREET, OPPOSITE THE CUSTOM HOUSE,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

MANUFACTURERS of Burglar Proof Safes, Iron Railing, Balconies, Verandahs, Stairways, Balconies, Window Guards, Iron Bedsteads, Wire Screens, Shutters, Sash, &c.

Also, every variety of IRON WORK for Public or Private Buildings.

ORNAMENTAL ENCLOSURES

for Cemeteries, Lots or Yards delivery substantial and cheap.

Also, all work in the HOUSE SMITHING line done at the shortest notice and at price and work as the lowest. Persons will find it to their advantage to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to.

Terms, CASH or approved paper by letter.

☞ Particular attention given to JAIL WORK and BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES.

nov10 dawtf H. J. MEAD & SON.

SALT.—500 bbls Kanawha Salt, in prime cooperage, in store and for sale by

ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

nov10

COD FISH.—25 drums Codfish;
25 half drums Codfish;
received per Jellerson City and and for sale by

ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

nov10

NEW SUGAR.—34 hhds prime and choice landing from steamer Poland and for sale by

RAWSON, CODD, & TODD.

nov10

NEW MOLASSES.—96 bbls and ½ half bbls prime landing from steamer Poland and for sale by

RAWSON, CODD, & TODD.

nov10

POTATOES.—250 bbls selected Neshanoc Potatoes in store and for sale by

ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

nov10

GOLDEN SYRUP.—100 packages, assorted sizes, received per steamer Mollison and for sale by

H. B. NEWCOMB & BRO.,
Agents for Belchers' Sugar Refining Co.

nov10

SUGAR AND MOLASSES—
23 hhds prime Sugar, new crop;
60 bbls prime Molasses, new crop;
Now landing and for sale by

H. B. NEWCOMB & BRO., Wall st.

nov10

NEW BOOKS! NEW BOOKS!—"The Mexican Girl," or the Ranger's Revenge, by William Elsa Tilford, Esq. Price 25c.

Marie Lemoine, or the Ballet Girl's

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 10, 1858. 1 A. M.

See Reading Matter on First Page.

☞See first page for city advertisements.

☞The National Convention of Locomotive Engineers will meet to-day. The sessions will be held at the Central Hall, on Market street, between Fourth and Fifth. Quite a number of delegates have already arrived. Mr. S. W. Swift, a resident engineer, who was appointed by the National Convention held in New York last year to make all necessary arrangements, has been most energetic in the duties assigned him.

THEATER.—We were premature in announcing the Three Fast Men for last night, when the Misses Western perf rmed in Green Bushes, but this evening the new local drama will be produced. It has been very attractive wherever performed. We have seen them in one or two pieces of the standard drama, with which we are greatly pleased. They appear to have much natural talent, and are luxuriant in the development of fun. These charming young girls have a glorious future before them, if they will adhere to the "classic," and avoid the dangerous error of producing "sensation pieces," which may attract audiences but cannot elevate the public taste.

LECTURES ON THE MAMMOTH CAVE.—Professor Wright, of the Kentucky School of Medicine, will soon offer to our citizens a rare feast of amusement and instruction. It will be seen from his advertisement that he will deliver five lectures on the Mammoth Cave in the hall of the Institute, fully illustrating them by drawings, experiments, and a fine collection of Cave specimens. The subject is one of extraordinary interest, and Professor Wright is unquestionably more familiar with it than any other man in the world.

THE MASONIC FRATERNITY OF THE CITY OF LOUISVILLE.—It will be observed by reference to our advertising columns that a call has been made for the assemblage of the Sons of Light at the Masonic Temple, this evening at half past 7 o'clock. This is an important meeting, and the fraternity and stockholders are particularly invited to attend. The meeting will be one of great interest to the craft, and the attendance of the Most W. G. M. Robt. Murri, Past Grand Masters Wingate and Swigert, and other Grand Masters, together with the attendance of Col. Hughes, Grand Treasurer, will doubtless secure a large audience on the occasion. This call is not designed to exclude any who feel an interest in the success of the craft, or their benevolent designs.

INJURED.—Arrest of the Thieves and Recovery of the Property.—He some time ago a young couple, strangers in the city, have been attracting the attention of the police. They have been closely watched, and it was ascertained that they stopped at a private boarding house. A few days ago Mr. J. H. Nelson hired the woman, who gives her name as Mary, as a house servant. At night she remained at her husband's boarding house, who says his name is Charles Bliss. Last evening about 3 o'clock Mary disappeared from Mr. Nelson's house and so did Miss Nelson's watch, which had her name on it, a ring, and a pair of bracelets. Officers Kirkpatrick and Priest were informed of it, and, after making some inquiries, concluded that Mary and her husband had taken passage on some boat at Portland. Thither they repaired in a buggy, and seeing the Woodford lying at New Albany, they crossed the river in a skiff and boarded her, and found the pair in the cabin. They immediately denied the charge, when they were arrested, brought across in a skiff with their package, and lodged in jail. The persons were searched by Kirkpatrick, in one of the valises all is found. In the mean time Priest overhauled their package, which consisted of a traveling trunk and hand trunk, and at the bottom of one of them were found the stolen articles. Bliss and his wife were then locked up. Both the man and the woman are young, and both rather agreeable in appearance. The officers who made the arrests deserve credit for them.

HOP.—Messrs. Huffman, Duncan, & Co. opened the ball yesterday. They killed about 300 head. If the weather is favorable to-day, other houses will commence. The market is very firm. For particulars we refer to our commercial reports.

☞The banks yesterday made some change in the rates of New Orleans time bills. Four month bills are now 2, five months 1, and six months 1½, interest off, and divide on the half month.

☞A lady lost a Valentine yesterday in a walk between Tenth and Chestnut and Seventh and Green. If the finder desires to make a young girl perfectly happy, he can do it by returning it to the office, for which he will receive hearty thanks and any adequate reward he may demand.

☞Mrs. Dennis McMahon is at the Louisville Hotel, and will, in the course of the week, give an entertainment of dramatic and classical readings. This lady is well known as one who has left the atonements of home, which she graced so admirably, to pursue a "paramount attraction" for the stage. We have never had the pleasure of hearing her, but if an enthusiastic love of histrionic art can beget success, she should attain a preeminent position.

DROWNED.—On Monday morning a man fell from a coal boat above the ferry landing and immediately sank. Some of the hands on the ferry went to his rescue in a skiff, but to no avail. His hat was recovered, but had no name on it by which the unfortunate man might be identified.

ACCIDENT.—Yesterday a workman in Mr. W. A. Richardson's rope manufactory, named Jacob Smith, fell through a hatch in the third story down to the first floor of that building, and was killed.

A HUMAN SKELETON FOUND.—In digging a cellar in a back yard above the old powder building, yesterday, the workmen found the skeleton of a man, very much decomposed, at the depth of three feet. A physician had formerly a private dissecting room in that building, and it is supposed that it had been taken from it.

☞Mr. S. G. Henry will sell on Saturday a noon the splendid new warehouse and ground above the Galt House, and a large and convenient smoke-house immediately in the rear of it and fronting on Washington street. Both buildings were erected last year by the firm of Mitchell & Co.

SUICIDES.—The New Orleans exchanges contain accounts of two shocking suicides. One was M. R. B. Chilton, formerly a partner in the house of Peter Maxwell & Co., professor of geology in the University of Louisiana, and a gentleman of high character and attainments. He inflicted about twenty serious wounds on different parts of his person. He was much respected. Pecuniary difficulties are assigned as the cause.

The other suicide was a young man named J. B. Moller, a printer, recently from Illinois. He left a note assigning as a reason for the act poverty and want of employment.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE—*Tuesday*, Nov. 9.—Alfred, a slave of Theodore Brown, stealing a copper boiler from C. N. Carder. Ordered to receive fifteen stripes.

Thos. Flynn, drunk and vagrancy. Bail in $100 to answer. Workhouse.

Sarah McBride, drunk and disorderly conduct. Bail in $100 for three months. Workhouse.

☞Messrs. White & Young received a dispatch yesterday stating that the bills of the Atlantic Bank of Portland, Maine, had been thrown out by the New York Brokers.

☞Charley Rufer, of the St. Charles, has received another consignment of clams from Baltimore, which will be served up in the shape of soup at lunch this morning.

THE ALLEGED RUSSIAN RAILROAD DEALS.—Mr. Joseph Harrison, Jr., one of the American company employed to build the great Russian railroad between Moscow and St. Petersburg, has published a letter in the Philadelphia papers, in which he refutes at length the charges of fraud brought against the company in the London Daily News.

☞The Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce says that Mr. Reed's conduct of his mission is highly approved by the country and the executive, and it is said that he will have the offer of the mission to London.

☞The splendid old line of battle ship Pennsylvania, one of the largest ships in the world, is in her berth in the stream. She is pierced for 120 guns, and was built in Philadelphia in 1837. She never was at sea, except when coming from the above place to Norfolk, where she has been lying for years, presenting a sorry picture of the wisdom of officials, who could conscientiously expend half a million of money on a vessel, and then convert her into a permanent guards, when a condemned *corvette* would answer all requirements just as well.

☞Judge Bechtell has decided in the Floyd (Ind.) circuit court that the silver coin, issued since 1837, was not a legal tender, and furthermore, that a quantity of bank notes presented together for redemption must be considered as one demand, and if over $50, must be paid in gold. A similar decision has been heretofore made by another circuit judge of Indiana.

☞The gross receipts of the Louisville and Nashville between Nashville and Gallatin during the first month's operation amounted to $3,093 33. Its business was steadily increasing.

☞A Mr. Thompson has just been mulcted in damages of 7,500 in the Gallatin (Tenn.) circuit court, for seducing Miss Clandenaing.

☞Only four Administration men have been elected to Congress from New York, and the rest of the list of these (Clerks) will be contested. The Lecompton members elect are all from New York city. The Tribune gives returns (partly estimated) from the entire State, showing a plurality for Morgan of over 17,000. The Anti-Lecompton majority, as indicated in the Congressional elections, is over 60,000.

☞Hughes, the great defeated, is said to be intriguing for the "place" of Gov. Wright, as Minister at Berlin. The latter is set down as a Douglas man—besides showing a vulgar taste for hominy, and a most undemocratic indifference to strong drinks.

☞The aggregate of deaths from yellow fever, in New Orleans, from June 27th to October 31st, inclusive, 4868.

☞Five men were poisoned at Cincinnati by drinking whisky mixed with a kind of root making it bitters. One of them named Tildboster died.

WEATHER REPORT.

NOVEMBER 9, 1858.

BAR. METER.			THERMOMETER.			
7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Mean.
29.25	29.25		40	45	40	42

WINDS.		RAIN FOR 24 HOURS.	STATE OF THE WEATHER.	
7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.
N.W.	N.W.		Clear.	Clear.

Remarks.—Cloudy; sprinkling rain at intervals.

RIVER AND STEAMBOAT MATTERS.

The river had risen two inches in the twenty-four hours ending last evening. Boats drawing 6 feet water could go through the canal. At Pittsburg it was falling and at Cincinnati it was at a stand yesterday. There is therefore no prospect of a further rise here. The weather continues cloudy.

The Moses McLellan.—This fine packet arrived last evening, and to Mr. Steele, her clerk, we are indebted for an interesting memorandum. The McLellan will leave for Memphis this evening. She has beautiful and well furnished cabins, and her two chief officers, Capt. Mason Erwin and Mr. Wm. Steele, take the best care of those who travel with them. She will also take passengers for New Orleans and transfer them at Cairo to the fine steamer Woodford. Passengers leaving on the Saturday or Friday morning will also reach Cairo in time for the Woodford.

The Alameda.—This is a small new packet built here for one of the Southern rivers. She is now at the wharf loading and will get a fine load. She is advertised to leave to-day.

The Brooklyn and Union are up for Green river to-day.

The Kentucky is the mailboat for Cincinnati.

The freight left by the Marsha Putnam on the sunk below has been all received here in good condition. Capt. McGill, who was sent by the underwriters to take charge of it, returned yesterday.

The Mire is a new steamer just completed at New Albany for Capt. Hinckley for the Ogelbourne trade. She is 120 feet long, with 30 feet beam and 6 feet hold. Messrs. Howard, of Jeffersonville, built the hull; Lent, Small, & Seligman, of New Albany, the machinery, and Hippie, Smith, & Co. the cabin.

The Illinois river packet company has purchased the steamer Brazil for $40,500 in stock.

Boats from below report that the wreckers had set on fire the H. H. Newcomb.

☞The trial of William Bickely, for obtaining money for a land warrant, under false pretences, which has been on trial at Pittsburg for some days past, resulted on Saturday in a disagreement of the jury.

THE ILLINOIS SENATORSHIP.—The Chicago Herald of Saturday is jubilant over the prospect that no Senator will be elected until 1860, as the Buchanan Democrats hold the balance of power in the Legislature. The Herald has received private dispatches from Cairo, Jonesborough, Shawneetown, and other points in Egypt assuring it of the election of *two* and probably *three* National Democrats to the Lower House, and assuring it also that three of the Democratic Senators holding over will beyond doubt oppose the reelection of Douglas. Added to this, it has "the assurance that several of the Senators and Repr sentatives just elected, and supposed to be favorable to Douglas, will not support him, but will maintain the integrity of the Democratic party of the country by voting for Judge Breese, or some other good and reliable Democrat."

The Herald adds:

"In the Senate comes it up in such shape and from such sources as make that we cannot doubt—cannot doubt that Mr. Douglas will be defeated in his efforts to secure his reelection, by Gen. A. G. Smalley.

The true friends of the Democratic party in the Legislature, rather than throw a fire-brand in the midst of the council of the party, will stand as a unit to prevent the election of Douglas for the term, and have the real man for Democracy of the State will be better sidered in the contingency which the wayward Senator may force upon us."

We congratulate the Spartan band of National Democrats in this section, the boundary of the country is nearly, upon its intelligence, and assure them they may rest in peace. The triumph of Douglas is *deferred*, and the Democratic party will be safer in its discussions and efforts after the next session of Congress, which will finally close the historical career of the head and shoulder. Let every Democrat rub his hands!

Correspondence of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser

LONDON, October 23.

Some correspondence from India in the London Times, exposing and denouncing the manner in which many of the young British officers behave to the native population, has occupied the public mind, and aroused a general feeling of surprise and indignation. If the accounts thus given had been written by a foreigner and published abroad, every one would have repelled them at once as malicious and envious fictions.

Money continues in unlimitable abundance. The rate in the stock exchange is 1 per cent. per annum. In the discount market it is 2 per cent.

PARIS, October 22

The polonic in the French journals on the subject of the abduction of the Jewish child at Bologna, in Italy, and its retention by the Catholic Government at it ne, has become most violent. Indeed the discussion of this affair is the prominent topic of the day in society. It is true that the French Government has addressed to the Pope a demand for the restoration of the child Mortara to its parents, and that this demand has been refused. The grounds of the refusal are these: The canons of the Romish Church recognize the right to abstract children from the parental protection where that protection is used to instill into the child doctrines calculated to lead to perdition. This being a fundamental principle in the doctrines of the Church, the Pope has no right to interfere; he can only execute the laws of the Church, he cannot change them. He regrets, it is said, his inability to interfere, because he knows that such an act is an offence against the parental authority, and an outrage to the conscience of the rest of the Christian world. But he refuses to act, because by so doing he would be overstepping the limits of his position, and would compromise himself with the Church over which he presides.

Here then we see the Romish Church claiming in the middle of the nineteenth century what it claimed in the most prosperous days of its existence: the exclusive right of the Church over that of parents. We see this Church asserting the right to withdraw from Protestant parents their children for the purpose of instructing them in the Romish faith. It is not even true that the child of the Mortaras was baptized in the Catholic church, but only by a female domestic, yet according to the tenets of that Church it is a Catholic. The baptism was surreptitiously performed upon a child unconscious of from its age to act otherwise than passively. But under any circumstance, is it not a gross and indelible false doctrine, for this age of enlightened and liberal opinion, to claim that a church has rights over persons in the person and the religious education of a child? The outrage seems so flagrant, that it is astonishing to see journals in liberal France defending it.

A daring highway robbery at Paris has raised his voice against this outrage, committed on the common sense of the enlightened world, and on the good name of the Romish Church; but for this he has only to thank himself for the abuse of his own church and journals. It is fair to believe, however, that at least a large proportion of the Romanists in France do not approve of the course of the church at Rome. The Inspector of France, it is believed, will not allow the matter to rest where it is. He will make another appeal, this time backed by the names of other Romish sovereigns, and in case of refusal will order the commander-in-chief of the French army in Rome to seize the child and restore it to its parents.

The murderers of the American missionaries at Jaffa, nearly a year ago, have been at last arrested; and are six in number. It is not yet known whether they will be tried at Jerusalem or given up to the American authorities.

A meeting of all the leading members of the house of Rothschild has just taken place at Paris to regulate their individual positions and to fix the conduct of the house for the next year. The Paris, unlike the Baron James Rothschild, is now the recognized head of the house.

The city of Trieste, on the Adriatic, has declared that all vessels coming from Mobile or Savannah shall be quarantined.

A Lake line schooner, 127 feet long and 10 feet draught, lately arrived at Hamburg, in 17 days from Quebec. She had a white crew.

The woman who was some time ago arrested at Constantinople with four millions of counterfeit Turkish money in her trunk has just been brought up for trial, but the prisoner demands time to obtain testimony from the United States, which has been granted.

☞Lodge No. 70—Held on Southgate, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, on the body of Jacob Smith, aged 50 years. The verdict of the jury was that the said Jacob Smith came to his death from the dislocation of his neck by a fall from the uppermost story of Richardson's factory, on Thirteenth street, between Chestnut and Magazine streets, on the morning of the 9th inst.

J. M. BUCHANAN, Coroner.

NEW STEAM FIRE ENGINE.—The new steam fire engine (Lee and Latted's) recently built for the city at the Novelty Works, was exhibited yesterday at Bowling Green, in presence of the Common Council and other members of the city government. The engine is a self-propeller, and supplies its own motive power through the streets, but the Empire Engine Co. assisted as an escort at the dress review. Steam can be raised to working pressure in from six to ten minutes; but it is intended that the steam shall be kept up at all times, so that the engine may start on a moment's notice. The cylinders are 7½ inches diameter and 10 inches stroke. The valves are operated by a stationary link and reversing lever, by means of which the steam may be cut off at any point in the stroke, giving the benefit of expansion in any desired degree, or may be instantaneously reversed. When the engine reaches the fire, the parallel rods, which act upon the driving wheels, can be disconnected, and the power then acts upon the pump alone. The pump (Carey's Patent Rotary Force Pump) is of the largest size, and discharges 4 6-10 gallons per revolution, and may be run with good effect at any speed from 80 revolutions per minute up to 225. At its ordinary rate of working, the pump will throw out from 600 to 700 gallons per minute, or its equivalent in smaller streams, giving a velocity sufficient for a hor zontal jet of 200 feet and upwards. The performance of the engine was entirely successful, and excited great admiration from the large crowd of people who were present. Nozzles of 1, 1¼, and 1½ inches, were used, and good streams were thrown perpendicularly about 200 feet. The members of 42 a Legine Co., who managed the hose, ascended a high roof in the vicinity, and from that altitude threw a large, strong stream more than 10 feet higher. The largest stream (1¼ inch) was projected with tremendous force, and nearly tore off the branch s from the trees in the Bowling Green. The engine cost about $8,500. It got into sundry holes, and stuck fast; it also got out of water, and consequently out of steam, and came to a stand. Further experience in its management may, however, obviate these difficulties, and render the introduction of our steam fire engines a decided success.

N. Y. Jour. Com.

LATEST FROM THE GOLD REGIONS.—Mr. Elsbach, one of our Westport merchants, arrived on Tuesday from Salt Lake. The gold fever had reached the city of the saints before he left, and many had started for the mines, and more were preparing to leave. Mr. Elsbach came by way of the Cherry Creek diggings, in order to satisfy himself as to the truth of the reports which had reached Salt Lake City. He found a number of men at the mines and in their vicinity, who were unable to do anything for want of tools. The Georgia Company, under Green Russell, however, were hard at work, and were realizing from $6 to $16 per day, with picks, pans, and shovels, to the man.

Mr. Elsbach is fully satisfied as to the richness of the deposits, and says they will pay as well as any yet discovered.

We have not time to-day to go into a detailed statement as furnished by Mr. Elsbach, but will do so at the earliest date. He expects to be in town in a few days, when we will give a more detailed account. The great fact—the gold—is now beyond a doubt.—*Kansas City Jour. of Com.*, 4th.

The India trade is reviving at Boston. A large fleet has recently arrived from India ports, and many more vessels are on the way from Calcutta, Manilla, &c., and most of them will be due shortly. At Calcutta, Sept. 8, 15 ships were loading for Boston; and from Aug. 23 to Sept. 8, 10 ships more had sailed for this port. At the other East India ports, such as Singapore, Batavia, Padang, Penang, &c., a number of vessels were loading for Boston.

A REMARKABLE CASE OF DISHONESTY.—A most singular case of dishonesty on a large scale by an humble employee in a mercantile house has just been brought to light in Chicago. And even in magnitude this fresh instance of a knavish employee is not without a precedent in acity where a merchant, not many months ago, awoke one morning to the consciousness that a fully equipped first class hotel structure, five stories high, and thoroughly appointed for the excellent business it has since done, had been built with stealings from his money drawer and stock in trade by one of his clerks.

Some months ago, at an early hour after the usual closing of our Lake street dry goods stores for the evening, an alarm of fire was sounded for the First District, and the salesroom of Messrs. Thompson & Wetmore, a dry goods and silk house, was found to be on fire. The shutters and doors were forced and the premises deluged with water, the fire being extinguished without extended progress, though it included in more or less serious loss and ruin both the lower story and the silk and shawl room in the second story, having been at work upon the stair case, the flames thus invading both rooms.

Information reached Bradley, the active fire, that a German named Frederick Gross, and employed as a porter in Thompson & Wetmore's silk and woolen dry goods establishment, had been seen from the premises at the time of the discovery of the fire, and had been suspected of complicity with the incendiarism. Bradley at once set out in search of Gross, and found him at his boarding house on Lake street, near Wells, in the act of packing a trunk with a large amount of valuable property. Gross was arrested, and the trunk and its contents taken possession of by the police. Upon examination of the trunk, which was found to contain a large amount of valuable property, it was discovered that it had been packed with goods from the store of Messrs. Thompson & Wetmore, and that the property had been taken from the store by Gross, who had secreted it in the trunk by passing a small door which was in the basement and used for the delivery of goods. The trunk was then taken to the house on Lake street, where Gross boarded, and was in the act of packing it when arrested. Gross was taken before Justice Morris, and committed to the county jail in default of bail in the sum of $5,000, to answer the charge of arson. Gross was a German, about 30 years of age, and had been employed by Messrs. Thompson & Wetmore for about two years. He had been considered a faithful and honest employee, and had access to the store at all hours of the night. He had been married about a year, and his wife was a handsome young woman. Gross had been in the habit of visiting the store at all hours of the night, and had been seen there frequently during the night by persons passing the store. He had been in the habit of taking goods from the store, and had secreted them in the basement, and had also been in the habit of taking goods from the store in the day time, and secreting them in the basement, and then taking them out at night. He had also been in the habit of taking goods from the store in the day time, and secreting them in the basement, and then taking them out at night. He had also been in the habit of taking goods from the store in the day time, and secreting them in the basement, and then taking them out at night.

☞Alexander, Ellis, & Co. have a large planing mill, sash, door, blind, box, and mouldings factory and lumber yard on Felton above Preston, fronting the river. Also a lumber yard on Walnut and Preston streets, where all kind of lumber dressed and undressed will be furnished at wholesale and retail cheap for cash. ma 11 tf

BUSINESS NOTICES

☞C. Hall has for sale at his yard, on Green street, between Campbell and Shelby streets, a superior stock of white pine lumber, hemlock fencing, and No. 1 pine shingles, which he will dispose of low for cash. n18 dtf

☞The Louisville Insurance Company proposes to enlarge its business in the fire department, and will issue policies upon buildings, stocks of merchandise, and furniture, on application at their office over the store of D. S. Benedict & Son.

D. S. BENEDICT, Pres't
WM. PRATHER, Sec'y. n11 d2

MOUND CITY, Ill.—There will be another sale of lots at public auction in that growing town, on the 24th and 25th of November next, at which time a large amount of valuable property will be offered and sold upon terms of one fourth cash, the balance in three equal annual payments. n20 dlaw2

☞Philanthropists and the friends of temperance who have at heart the welfare of their fellow beings, should not delay a moment to urge upon all lovers of intoxicating drinks the importance of at once trying Dr. Tilton's Indicator's Elixir, or Cure for Intemperance. That intemperance is a disease, and that this is a cure for it, is no longer a matter of doubt, and our best physicians freely use it in their practice, strongly asserting its superiority against *nostrums*.

RAYMOND & TYLER,
No. 74, Fourth street,

Send this remedy by mail, free of postage, on receipt of $1 50 for each package.
may22 d2aw&6m

☞See advertisement of Dr. Sandford's Liver Invigorator.

LADIES' EVENING DRESS GOODS.—Silk robes (in all colors), illusion, lace, crepe, and tarlton de, ladies desiring the latest style of dress goods of every description will find at the store of E. B. Tabb, corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets, a full assortment in point of beauty and elegance superior to that of any other house in the city. He has just received by express a few elegant silk robes in double jupes, two volants, and robe Alice; also a choice assortment of velvet and cloth cloaks, a large stock of domestic dry goods of every description at the lowest market prices, corner of Fourth and Market streets. oct16 3dly

THOS. E. JENKINS & CO.
PRESCRIPTION & FAMILY
DRUGGISTS,
Manufacturing and Analytical
CHEMISTS,
Corner Third & Market.

EVERY WOMAN HER OWN LAWYER.—A private & guide in all matters of law, of special interest to Woman. CLARK'S, Mozart Hall.

WOOLSTON K. Household Edition of Waverley Novels, clear type. CLARK'S, Mozart Hall.

MILES STANDISH'S COURTSHIP.—Longfellow's New Poem—a new supply. CLARK'S, Mozart Hall.

RECENT NEW BOOKS.—
Guide and Brunette;
Sense & Sensibility;
Balwer's Poems;
Longfellow's & Whittle Pleiades;
Faith in God's Word is by Allen Romer;
The Harlot and the Reporter by Newcomb;
Life and Times of Daniel Boone.
For sale by CLARK'S, Mozart Hall.

JAVA COFFEE.—100 bags Java Coffee just received per Jeff. from the Eastern States and for sale by
MOORE, MURRAY, & HADEN.
n9 Main street, above the Gait House.

SODA.—Bowers New Haven made Soda just received and for sale by MOORE, MURRAY, & HADEN.
n10 Main street, above the Galt House.

SUGAR.—2 hhds prime dry grained Sugar just received per Lexington and for sale by
ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO.
n10

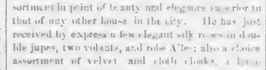
MOLASSES.—100 bbls prime new Plantation Molasses just received per steamer Monmouth and for sale by
ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO.
Corner Second and Washington sts.

CLOTHING.—Just received, by express, a few suits of dark mixed Cassimere coats, Pantaloons and Vests, made up in the most fashionable manner, and for sale by
KENNEDY & MORRIS,
n9 481 Main st., 3 doors below Fourth

UNDERWEAR.—A beautiful lock of gents' Merino, Cotton and Silk Shirts and Drawers, just received per steamer Monmouth and for sale by
KENNEDY & MORRIS, 481 Main st.

HOSIERY.—
Merino Half Hose;
Brown and Bleached Cotton Hose;
Pearl, Dyed, and Ivory Silk;
Fine Cotton Half Hose.
For sale by KENNEDY & MORRIS,
n9 481 Main st., 3 doors below Fourth.

WALKER'S EXCHANGE
RESTAURANT
Is Now in Full Blast!



OUR RESTAURANT is now beautifully supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and as SHELL OYSTERS are now receiving, by the Ex. Liberty, FRESH VENISON, PHEASANTS, WOODCOCKS, QUAILS, GROUSE, BLUE-WING DUCKS, and every other kind of GAME, we are ready to serve in superior style. Dinners can be furnished at short notice.

A Bar is kept in which Champagne of all kinds, Brandy both the excellent, Wines, Liquors, and all the finest Cigars can be had.

Then we call the attention of our friends to the BILLIARD AND BOWLING SALOON, which is fitted with marble-bed Tables and Balls of the best quality.

JOHN CAWEIN & CO.
Third street, between Main and Market.
n6 1dly

MALAGA GRAPES.—5 kegs Malaga Grapes, to arrive, for sale by V. D. GAETANO & CO.
n4 Main st., between Seventh and Eighth.

FRENCH LEMONS.—50 boxes French Lemons, to arrive, for sale by V. D. GAETANO & CO.
n4 Main st., between Seventh and Eighth.

ORANGES.—20 bbls Oranges, to arrive, for sale by V. D. GAETANO & CO.
n4 Main st., between Seventh and Eighth.

BLACKWOOD AND HUNT'S MAGAZINE.—
Blackwood for October;
Hunt's Merchants' Magazine for November;
Just received and for sale by CLARKE'S, Mozart Hall.

OPAQUE ENVELOPES.—Ladies' note and letter sizes, new styles, very handsome. CLARKE'S, Mozart Hall.

NEW JUVENILES.—A great variety of New Juvenile Toy Books, Games, Pleasure Tests, &c. CLARKE'S, Mozart Hall.

HAIR DYES.—Cristadoro's, Batchelder's Indian Dye, and Harrison's for sale by S. F. DAWES,
n11 Corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets.

REFINED SUGAR.—200 bbls New York Refined Sugar for sale low to the trade by DUMESNIL & CO.,
n4 Agents for Refinery, Cedar st.

JAS. LARIAT'S Toasted Pellets of Cognac for sale by
n11 S. F. DAWES.

FISH.—
No. 1 Mackerel, bbls halves, quarters, and kits;
No. 2 " " " "
No. 3 " " " "
No. 1 Salmon in kits;
No. 1 Lake Trout in kits;
Received per Jeffersonville Railroad and for sale by
n20 JOHN F. HOWARD.

TEAS.—A large and fine assortment of choice Black and Green Teas for family use, for sale by
J. T. LANHAM & CO.,
Importers of Teas, &c.,
87 Third street.

SUNDRIES.—Preserved and fresh Fruits, Pickles, Catsup, Sauces, Mustards, Spices, Olives, Oils, &c., for sale by
J. T. LANHAM & CO.,
n20 Importers of Teas, &c., 87 Third st.

FRUIT TREES.
4,000 Apple Trees, 1 and 2 years old, assorted;
2,000 do do 2 years old;
Large Early and Standard Pear Trees;
Plum, Cherry, and Apricot Trees in great variety.
Also, Shrubs, Evergreens, Flowering Shrubs, Ornamental Plants, &c., &c.
Orders promptly filled, and warranted true to name.
Trees put up in the most careful manner, and best shipping condition.
Also, Grape Vines, Apple, and Cherry Seed for sale wholesale and retail, by
n20 J. D. BONDURANT,
26 Sixth street, near Main.

UTICA LIME.—I am prepared to fill orders for Utica Lime in barrels or bulk.
n20 J. D. BONDURANT,
363 Sixth street, near Main.

NET SHIRTS.—
2 dozen wool Net Shirts;
150 " gray "
100 " Net Drawers;
Just received and for sale by
JAMES LOW & CO., 418 Main st.

SHAWLS.—
2 000 Long Shawls, assorted;
500 Printed "
200 men's Long Shawls;
Just received and for sale by
JAMES LOW & CO., 418 Main st.

CASSIMERES.—20 cases small check Cassimeres, for boys, just received and for sale by
JAMES LOW & CO., 418 Main st.

NEW MACKEREL.—
10 half bbls No. 1;
45 packages No. 2 bbls, halves, qrs, and kits;
" large No. 1 bbls and halves;
Just received and for sale by
n27 JNO. R. ALLEN.

SPECIAL SALMON.—Now in store and for sale by the dealers or importation—just received. Price list sent on application.
n20 J. T. LANHAM & CO.,
Importers of Teas, &c., 7 Third st.

CRACKNEL BISCUITS.—We have reduced the price of Cracknel Biscuits to one dollar per box (for cash only) to close consignment.
n20 J. T. LANHAM & CO.,
Importers of Teas, &c., 87 Third st.

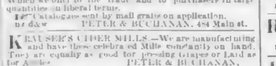
HOSIERY.—
Gents' fine and ribbed cracknel Hose;
Children's fancy Stockings.
Just received and for sale by
JAMES LOW & CO., 418 Main st.

FANCY PRINTS.—
Ten cases new style fancy Prints;
25 " black and white Prints;
Just received and for sale by
JAMES LOW & CO., 418 Main st.

CHAMPIGNONS.—5 cases Champignons;
20 " pickled French Mustard;
Just received and for sale by
n20 V. D. GAETANO & CO.

OLIVE OIL.—2 cases Barton & Guestier just received and for sale by
n16 V. D. GAETANO & CO.

CAPITOL HOTEL AND RESTAURANT,
Corner of Third and Green sts.



WE are now receiving regularly, every day, by express, fresh SHELL OYSTERS from New York in 48 hours. We are also receiving daily every description of Wild Game, such as Venison, Grouse, Quails, Pheasants, Wild Ducks, Plover, Snipe, Squirrels, &c., all of which we will serve up in our best manner and in splendid style.
n20 SATTERWHITE & BRIGGS.

SARDINES.—25 cases M can Sardines;
" Mustard;
Just received and for sale by
n20 V. D. GAETANO & CO.

BRANDY PEACHES.—68 cases Brandy Peaches, put up in three pint bottles, for sale low by
n20 A. BORIE, 50 Third st.

HALF SPANISH CIGARS.—40,000 Half Spanish Cigars, in boxes of 1,000 each, for sale low by
n20 A. BORIE, 50 Third st.

FIRE CRACKERS.—300 boxes Gold Drop just received and for sale low by
n20 V. D. GAETANO & CO.

GINSENG.—200 pounds for sale by
n27 GARDNER & CO., 419 Main st.

EVERY WOMAN HER OWN LAWYER.—A private & guide in all matters of law, of special interest to Women. CLARK'S, Mozart Hall.

WOOLSTON K. Household Edition of Waverley Novels, clear type. CLARK'S, Mozart Hall.

MILES STANDISH'S COURTSHIP.—Longfellow's New Poem—a new supply. CLARK'S, Mozart Hall.

RECENT NEW BOOKS.—
Guide and Brunette;
Sense & Sensibility;
Balwer's Poems;
Longfellow's & Whittle Pleiades;
Faith in God's Word is by Allen Romer;
The Harlot and the Reporter by Newcomb;
Life and Times of Daniel Boone.
For sale by CLARK'S, Mozart Hall.

JAVA COFFEE.—100 bags Java Coffee just received per Jeff. from the Eastern States and for sale by
MOORE, MURRAY, & HADEN.
n9 Main street, above the Galt House.

SODA.—Bowers New Haven made Soda just received and for sale by MOORE, MURRAY, & HADEN.
n10 Main street, above the Galt House.

SUGAR.—2 hhds prime dry grained Sugar just received per Lexington and for sale by
ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO.
n10

MOLASSES.—100 bbls prime new Plantation Molasses just received per steamer Monmouth and for sale by
ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO.
Corner Second and Washington sts.

CLOTHING.—Just received, by express, a few suits of dark mixed Cassimere coats, Pantaloons and Vests, made up in the most fashionable manner, and for sale by
KENNEDY & MORRIS,
n9 481 Main st., 3 doors below Fourth

UNDERWEAR.—A beautiful lock of gents' Merino, Cotton and Silk Shirts and Drawers, just received per steamer Monmouth and for sale by
KENNEDY & MORRIS, 481 Main st.

HOSIERY.—
Merino Half Hose;
Brown and Bleached Cotton Hose;
Pearl, Dyed, and Ivory Silk;
Fine Cotton Half Hose.
For sale by KENNEDY & MORRIS,
n9 481 Main st., 3 doors below Fourth.

WALKER'S EXCHANGE
RESTAURANT
Is Now in Full Blast!

OUR RESTAURANT is now beautifully supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and as SHELL OYSTERS are now receiving, by the Ex. Liberty, FRESH VENISON, PHEASANTS, WOODCOCKS, QUAILS, GROUSE, BLUE-WING DUCKS, and every other kind of GAME, we are ready to serve in superior style. Dinners can be furnished at short notice.

A Bar is kept in which Champagne of all kinds, Brandy both the excellent, Wines, Liquors, and all the finest Cigars can be had.

Then we call the attention of our friends to the BILLIARD AND BOWLING SALOON, which is fitted with marble-bed Tables and Balls of the best quality.

JOHN CAWEIN & CO.
Third street, between Main and Market.
n6 1dly

MALAGA GRAPES.—5 kegs Malaga Grapes, to arrive, for sale by V. D. GAETANO & CO.
n4 Main st., between Seventh and Eighth.

FRENCH LEMONS.—50 boxes French Lemons, to arrive, for sale by V. D. GAETANO & CO.
n4 Main st., between Seventh and Eighth.

ORANGES.—20 bbls Oranges, to arrive, for sale by V. D. GAETANO & CO.
n4 Main st., between Seventh and Eighth.

BLACKWOOD AND HUNT'S MAGAZINE.—
Blackwood for October;
Hunt's Merchants' Magazine for November;
Just received and for sale by CLARKE'S, Mozart Hall.

OPAQUE ENVELOPES.—Ladies' note and letter sizes, new styles, very handsome. CLARKE'S, Mozart Hall.

NEW JUVENILES.—A great variety of New Juvenile Toy Books, Games, Pleasure Tests, &c. CLARKE'S, Mozart Hall.

HAIR DYES.—Cristadoro's, Batchelder's Indian Dye, and Harrison's for sale by S. F. DAWES,
n11 Corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets.

REFINED SUGAR.—200 bbls New York Refined Sugar for sale low to the trade by DUMESNIL & CO.,
n4 Agents for Refinery, Cedar st.

JAS. LARIAT'S Toasted Pellets of Cognac for sale by
n11 S. F. DAWES.

FISH.—
No. 1 Mackerel, bbls halves, quarters, and kits;
No. 2 " " " "
No. 3 " " " "
No. 1 Salmon in kits;
No. 1 Lake Trout in kits;
Received per Jeffersonville Railroad and for sale by
n20 JOHN F. HOWARD.

TEAS.—A large and fine assortment of choice Black and Green Teas for family use, for sale by
J. T. LANHAM & CO.,
Importers of Teas, &c.,
87 Third street.

SUNDRIES.—Preserved and fresh Fruits, Pickles, Catsup, Sauces, Mustards, Spices, Olives, Oils, &c., for sale by
J. T. LANHAM & CO.,
n20 Importers of Teas, &c., 87 Third st.

FRUIT TREES.
4,000 Apple Trees, 1 and 2 years old, assorted;
2,000 do do 2 years old;
Large Early and Standard Pear Trees;
Plum, Cherry, and Apricot Trees in great variety.
Also, Shrubs, Evergreens, Flowering Shrubs, Ornamental Plants, &c., &c.
Orders promptly filled, and warranted true to name.
Trees put up in the most careful manner, and best shipping condition.
Also, Grape Vines, Apple, and Cherry Seed for sale wholesale and retail, by
n20 J. D. BONDURANT,
26 Sixth street, near Main.

UTICA LIME.—I am prepared to fill orders for Utica Lime in barrels or bulk.
n20 J. D. BONDURANT,
363 Sixth street, near Main.

NET SHIRTS.—
2 dozen wool Net Shirts;
150 " gray "
100 " Net Drawers;
Just received and for sale by
JAMES LOW & C

COPARTNERSHIPS.

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership for the purpose of transacting the Merchant Tailoring business and have taken the house lately occupied by Thomas M. Oliver, on Main, below Fourth street, south side. Their stock is new and of the latest styles, to which they invite the attention of the public as well as their individual friends.

J. Z. STEVENS.
W. D. ARMSTRONG.

Oct. 14, 1858. oct6 d2m

Copartnership.

THE subscribers have formed a copartnership, under the style of PENTON & GLORE, for the purpose of transacting a GENERAL FEED, PRODUCE, and COMMISSION BUSINESS.

We have taken the large fire-proof House No. 38, west side of Fourth street, between Main and the river. Our time and attention will be devoted exclusively to the business, and we guaranty strict attention to the interest of our friends who may feel disposed to entrust their business to our care. Particular attention given to the sale and purchase of all articles in our line. Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

J. A. PENTON.
S. S. GLORE.

Louisville, Sept. 2, 1858.—se dtf

J. A. PENTON. W. S. GLORE

PENTON & GLORE,
Commission Merchants
AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
FEED AND PRODUCE.
No. 36 Fourth street, between Main and the river.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

☞ Hay, Grain and all kinds of Produce sold on Commission.
Consignments solicited and liberal cash advance made.
se dtf

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the style of Brown, Bucknell, Dawson & Co., at Bardstown, Brannon, & Holladay were dissolved on the 17th instant, by mutual consent. S. H. PATTERSON,
JAS. M. BRANNON,
L. P. HOLLADAY.

Louisville, Sept. 20, 1858.

Copartnership Notice.

HAVING this day associated with me W. W. GRAY, of Illinois, the BANKING, EXCHANGE AND BROKERAGE business carried on in the name of THOMAS BROWNE & CO. will be continued under the style of BROWNE & GRAY.

Oct. 1, 1858. THOMAS BROWNE.

THOMAS BROWNE W. W. GRAY of Illinois

BROWNE & GRAY,
Exchange and Banking Office,
No. 409 Main street, between Third and Fourth
(NATIONAL HOTEL BUILDING.)
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WILL deal in Bills of Exchange, Land Warrants, Uncurrent Money, Gold, and Silver and transact a general Banking business. oct1 d1m

Copartnership.

THE undersigned will continue the business of Hellman & Co., under the firm of WATKINS, HUNT & CO.

JOS. J. ADAMS, Louisville,
E. WATKINS,
(Late of Watkins & Ormsby.)
WILSON HUNT, (Late of Tarascon & Co.)
JNO. H. COOPER.

Louisville, Sept. 1, 1858.—se

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the style of Wallace, Lithgow & Co. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st inst., J. Henry Thomas retiring from the concern. The remaining partners will continue the settlement of the old concern, and will continue the business under the style of

WALLACE, LITHGOW, & CO.

Dissolution.

THE firm of DAWES & SEATON was dissolved on the 1st inst., by mutual consent. J. W. Seaton retiring from the concern. The business will be settled by the parties who will continue business at the old stand.

WILLIAM SEATON,
S. F. DAWES.

Louisville, Jan. 1, 1858.

JOHN R. ALLEN,
Commission Merchant
AND
Wholesale Dealers in Groceries,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

HAS taken the Store-House No. 456 Main street, north side, between Third and Fourth, four doors above Bank of Kentucky, for the transaction of a WHOLESALE GROCERY and COMMISSION business. He solicits a call from his friends and the public.

JOHN R. ALLEN.

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of CHASAN & CO., is this day dissolved by limitation.

Either party is authorized to use the name of the firm in liquidation.

ANDREW BUCHANAN.
MYRON N. PARMELE.

Copartnership.

I HAVE this day associated with me my son GEO. C. BUCHANAN and we continue the WHOLESALE GROCERY and COMMISSION business under the name of ANDREW BUCHANAN & SON.

Dec. 31, 1857. ANDREW BUCHANAN.

ANDREW BUCHANAN. GEO. C. BUCHANAN

ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
Jeffersonville, directly opposite Louisville, and solicit a share of their patronage.
Sundays Excepted:
1st Cincinnati, Chicago, and Indianapolis Express at 6:30 A. M.
2d. St. Louis Daily Express at 10:35 A. M.
3d. Indianapolis, Cincinnati, and St. Louis Express at 10 P. M.
The 10 P. M. Train on Saturday evening will close connection with Cincinnati and St. Louis and Indianapolis.
4th One Train on Sunday at 10 P. M., connecting at Indianapolis for Cairo, St. Louis, and the Southwest, and at Indianapolis for the principal Cities East, West, and North.
5th Four Daily Trains through to St. Louis.
6th Two Trains via Indianapolis and Terre Haute at 6:30 A. M. and 10 P. M.
and
7th Two Trains via Seymour and the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad at nine A. M. and 7 P. M.
8th Three Daily Trains for Cincinnati and the Eastern cities at 6:30 A. M. and 10 P. M.
9th Two Daily Trains for Chicago only—no change of cars—at 6:30 A. M. and 10 P. M.
10th Two Daily Trains through Indianapolis and all principal cities East, West, and North at 6:30 A. M. and 10 P. M.
11th Passengers leaving on the 10 P. M. Train arrive at Cleveland at 6:30 P. M. Columbus 9:50 P. M. Pittsburg at 12:15 A. M. Buffalo at 7:45 P. M. Philadelphia at 1 P. M., New York at 4:40 P. M., and Boston at 12:15 A. M.

Time as quick and Fare as low as any other Route.

Only one change of cars between Louisville and Chicago, St. Louis, or Cincinnati.

Contracts made and through receipts given for freights to all the principal points in the East, West, and South.

Further information given at the office of the above established Office, No. 55 corner Third and Main streets, Louisville, Ky., or at the Depot, foot of Jefferson.

A. S. HOTCHKISS, Agent.
R. J. FORSYTH, General Freight Agent.

LITTLE MIAMI and Columbus and Xenia R. R.

ON and after Monday, Mar. 1, 1858, Train leave Cincinnati, connecting with the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad at Indianapolis, and all other Railroads at Columbus, as follows:

6 A. M. EXPRESS—Stopping at Loveland, Morrow, Xenia, London, and Woodsfield.

10 A. M. MAIL—Stopping at all stations.

5 P. M. ACCOMMODATION—Stopping at all stations.

10:15 P. M. NIGHT EXPRESS—Stopping at London, Morrow, Xenia, Lodi, and West Jefferson.

☞ Connections are made by the 6 A. M., 10 A. M., and 10:15 P. M. trains for

ALL THE EASTERN CITIES.

To Cleveland, Wheeling, and Pittsburg without change of Cars.

FOR THROUGH TICKETS

And information, apply at the Company's No. 5 Burnet House, and southeast corner Broadway and Front streets, Cincinnati.

Trains run by Columbus time, which is 7 minutes faster than Cincinnati time.

J. HILAND, Superintendent.
R. F. FULLER, General Ticket Agent.

OFFICE LITTLE MIAMI AND COLUMBUS AND XENIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Cincinnati, March 1st, 1858.

MESSRS. CARTER & DUDLEY, of Louisville, Ky., have been appointed Agents for the Little Miami and Columbus and Xenia and connecting Railroads, and Ohio and Mississippi Railroad; also, Agents at Jeffersonville, until further notice.

June 4 dtf S. SPRINGER.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE Great Central Route, connecting at Chicago with Western Railroads, and at Pittsburg with Eastern Railroads, and connecting at Pittsburg with daily lines of Steamers to all ports on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers, and with daily lines of steamers to all ports on the North and South Lakes, the most direct, cheapest, and reliable route to which Passengers can be booked through to the West.

RATES BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA AND PITTSBURG.

FIRST CLASS—Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps, Books, Stationery, Drugs (in casks), Wall Paper, Window Glass, Saddlery (in cases), Leather (in cases